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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/557,757	11/18/2005	Nicolaas Bernardus Roozen	PHNL030571US	1566
38107 PHILIPS INTE	7590 08/24/2007 ELLECTUAL PROPERTY	Y & STANDARDS		
PHILIPS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS 595 MINER ROAD CLEVELAND, OH 44143	VARGAS, D	VARGAS, DIXOMARA		
CLEVELAND	, OH 44143		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2859	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/24/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary						
		10/557,757	ROOZEN ET AL.			
	omec Action Gammary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication		Dixomara Vargas	2859			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	rears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
VVHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE IN THE	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D. (35 U.S.C. § 133)			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 June 2007</u> .					
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-19 is/are pending in the app	olication.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,14-16 and 19</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) <u>5-13,17 and 18</u> is/are objected to.					
8)[]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 November 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the c					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 					
	application from the International Bureau		d III tilis Hatioriai Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
		·				
Attachmen	• •	_				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)				
3) 🔲 Inforr	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-2, 4 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dean et al (US 6,414,489 B1) in view of Jacques Alphand (FR 2833278 A1).

With regard to claim 1, Dean discloses a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device (Figure 1A) comprising a diagnostic space (#32), a main magnetic system for generating a main magnetic field in said diagnostic space (#10), a gradient magnetic coil system comprising a gradient coil for generating at least one gradient of the main magnetic field (#18), and noise reducing means for reducing noise that is generated as a result of vibrations of the gradient coil,

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characterized in that the noise reducing means comprises a sound-absorbing panel disposed between the gradient coil and the diagnostic space (#30).

Furthermore, Dean discloses the claimed invention as stated above except for the sound-absorbing panel comprising channels having an open end and a closed end. However, Alphand discloses the sound-absorbing panel comprising channels having an open end and a closed end (Figures 1 and 3, panel #1 with channels #5). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a sound-absorbing panel comprising channels having an open end and a closed end as taught by Alphand with Dean's MRI device for the purpose of using an efficient structure to eliminated the noise created in the MRI system to comfort the patient and avoid blurring of the image.

- 4. With regards to claim 2, Dean discloses the MRI device of claim 1, characterized in that the sound-absorbing panel has an absorption coefficient in the order of at least 0.5, more preferably in the order of at least 0.75 dB for at least part of the frequency range between 20 Hz and 4000 Hz (columns 3 and 4, lines 52 67 and 1 22, respectively).
- 5. With respect to claim 4, Dean discloses the MRI device of claim 1, characterized in that said channels extend at least substantially in a direction parallel to the direction between the diagnostic space and the gradient coil (Figures 1 and 2).
- 6. With respect to claim 14, Dean discloses the sound absorbing panel is provided with a radio frequency transmission coil system for generating and/or receiving a RF signal in the diagnostic space (Figure 4, #20)

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7. With respect to claim 15, Dean discloses the MRI device of claim 1, characterized in that the radio frequency transmission coil system comprises an electrically conductive winding which extends at least in part between at least some of the channels (Figure 1).

- 8. With respect to claim 16, Dean discloses the MRI device of claim 1, characterized in that the radio frequency transmission coil system comprises at least one electrically conductive layer, with which the sound-absorbing panel is coated on the side of the diagnostic space and which openings are present at the location of any open ends of the channels that may be present on the side of the diagnostic space (Figures 1 and 4).
- 9. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dean et al (US 6,414,489 B1) in view of Ham (US 6,628,117 B2).

With regard to claim 1, Dean discloses a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device (Figure 1A) comprising a diagnostic space (#32), a main magnetic system for generating a main magnetic field in said diagnostic space (#10), a gradient magnetic coil system comprising a gradient coil for generating at least one gradient of the main magnetic field (#18), and noise reducing means for reducing noise that is generated as a result of vibrations of the gradient coil, characterized in that the noise reducing means comprises a sound-absorbing panel disposed between the gradient coil and the diagnostic space (#30).

Furthermore, Dean discloses the claimed invention as stated above except for the sound-absorbing panel comprising glass wool. However, Ham discloses the sound-absorbing panel comprising glass wool (Column 3, lines 19-30). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the sound-absorbing panel

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comprising glass wool as taught by Ham with Dean's MRY system since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 10. Claims 5-13 and 17-18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 11. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:
 - With respect to claim 5, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of a. record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the channels extend at least substantially in a direction parallel to the direction between the diagnostic space and the gradient coil in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.
 - With respect to claim 6, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of b. record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the open ends of at least some of the channels are present on the side of the associated channels that faces towards the diagnostic space in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.
 - With respect to claim 7, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of c. record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance

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imaging (MRI) device comprising open ends of at least some of the channels are present on the side of the associated channels that faces towards the gradient coil in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.

- d. With respect to claim 8, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the cross dimension of at least a part of the channels on the side of the associated open ends is maximally 15 mm, preferably maximally 10mm in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.
- e. With respect to claim 9, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the cross dimension of at least a part of the channels on the side of the associated closed ends thereof is different from a cross dimension of the part of the channels on the side of the associated open ends in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.
- f. With respect to claim 10, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the cross dimension of the part of the channels on the side of the associated closed ends is larger than a cross dimension of the part of the channels present on the side of the associated open ends in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 9 above.
- g. With respect to claim 11, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance

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imaging (MRI) device comprising the proportion between the cross dimension of the part of the channels on the side of the associated closed ends and the cross dimension of the part of the channels on the side of the associated open ends is at least in the order of 2.5, preferably at least in the order of 4.0 in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 10.

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- h. With respect to claim 12, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the minimum spacing between adjacent channels at the location of the associated maximum cross dimension of the adjacent channels is maximally 50% of the sum of the associated maximum cross dimensions, preferably maximally 35% of the sum of the associated maximum cross dimensions in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.
- i. With respect to claim 13, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the dimensions of the channels of the sound absorbing channels of the sound absorbing panel are mutually different in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.
- j. With respect to claim 17, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the sound absorbing panel is built up of a number of abutting, preferably glued-together sub panels in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.

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k. With respect to claim 18, the claim has been found allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art of record fails to teach or fairly suggest a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) device comprising the sound absorbing panel is coated between the opne ends with a sound-absorbing material having an absorption coefficient of at least 0.5 for at lest part of the frequency range between 20Hz and 4000 Hz in combination with the remaining limitations of claim 1 above.

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dixomara Vargas whose telephone number is (571) 272-2252. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 8:00 am. to 4:30 pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Patent Examiner

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